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# Diploma in Pharmacy 1st Year **Social Pharmacy Experiment**

To study about respiratory infection (SARS, HINI, COVID-19) their sign. symptom and prevention

## Aim:

To study about respiratory infection (SARS, HINI, COVID-19) their sign. symptom and prevention

## Reference:

Dr. Gupta G.D, Dr. Sharma Shailesh, Dr. Sharma Anshu, "Practical Manual of Social Pharmacy "Published by Nirali Prakashan, Pg. No 66 - 70

# Theory:

Respiratory tract diseases (RTIs) are contaminations of parts of the body included in breathing such as the sinuses, throat, aviation routes or lungs Most RTIs get way better without treatment, but now and then visit a specialist.

# Symptoms of an RTI

- Coughing brings up mucus (phlegm)
- A stuffy or runny nose
- A sore throat
- Headache
- Muscle aches
- Breathlessness
- Tight chest or wheezing.
- A high temperature

## Causes and Types of RTIS

RTIs are often spread in the coughs and sneezes of someone with an infection. There are several different types. They're usually grouped into upper and lower RTIs.

- 1. Upper RTIs (sinuses and throat): Common cold, sinusitis, tonsillitis, laryngitis.
- 2. Lower RTIs (airways and lungs): Bronchitis, chest infection, pneumonia (lung infection).

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# Common RTIs are as follows:

1) SARS (Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome): An infectious and some of the time deadly respiratory sickness caused by a coronavirus. SARS showed up in 2002 in China. It spread around the world in few months, although it was rapidly controlled. SARS may be an infection transmitted through beads that enter the air when somebody with the illness hacks, wheezes or talks. No known transmission has happened since 2004.

## **Transmission**

- i. By airborne respiratory beads (hacks or sneezes).
- ii. By touching a sullied surface (cover or doorknob).
- iii. By spit (kissing or shared drinks).
- iv. By skin-to-skin contact (handshakes or hugs).

## **Symptoms**

- 1) Fever over 100.4°F
- 2) Dry cough
- 3) Sore throat
- 4) Headaches and body ache
- 5) Loss of appetite

# Diagnoses

Different lab tests have been created to distinguish the SARS infection. Amid the primary episode of SARS, there were no research facility tests for the illness. Conclusion was made essentially through side effects and therapeutic history. Presently, research facility tests can be performed on nasal and the swabs or blood tests. A chest X-ray or CT check may moreover uncover signs of pneumonia characteristic of SARS.

#### **Treatment**

There's no affirmed treatment that works for each individual who has SARS Antiviral drugs and steroids are in some cases given to decrease lung swelling, but aren't successful for everybody. Supplemental oxygen or a ventilator may be endorsed in the event that is essential. In serious cases blood plasma from somebody who has as of now recouped from SARS may too be administered. Be that as it may, there's not however sufficient proof to demonstrate that these medicines are effective.

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# **Prevention**

- i. Wash the hands frequently.
- ii. Wear expendable gloves in the event that touching any contaminated real fluids.
- iii. Wear a surgical cover when within the same room with a person with SARS
- iv. Disinfect surfaces which will have been sullied with the virus.
- v. Wash all individual things, counting bedding and utensils, utilised by an individual with SARS
- 2) HINI (Swine Flu): A human respiratory disease caused by flu strain that begun in pigs. Swine flu was to begin with perceived within the 1919 widespread and still circulates as a regular flu infection. Swine flu is caused by the HINI infection strain, which began in pigs.

## **Transmission**

- i. By airborne respiratory droplets (coughs or sneezes).
- ii. By touching a contaminated surface (blanket or doorknob).
- iii. By sali<mark>va (kissing or shared drinks</mark>).
- iv. By skin-to-skin contact (handshakes or hugs)

## Symptoms

Are like normal flu side effects and incorporate fever, hack, sore throat, runny nose, body throbs, cerebral pain, chills, and weakness. Numerous individuals with swine flu have had loose bowels and heaving. But these indications can too be caused by numerous other conditions

### **Treatment**

Two antiviral drugs are prescribed for treating swine flu, the verbal drugs oseltamivir (Tamiflu) and zanamivir (Relenza). Since flu infections can create resistance to these drugs, they're regularly saved for individuals who are at tall chance for complications from the flu

### **Prevention**

- i. Covering the nose and mouth with a tissue after the hack or sneeze.
- ii. Toss the tissue within the junk after employing it
- iii. Washing the hands frequently with cleanser and water, particularly after the back or wheeze. Utilise alcohol-based hand cleaners.

- iv. Avoiding touching the eyes, nose or mouth Germs spread this way
- v. Trying to dodge near contact with debilitated people.
- vi. Staying domestic from work or school in the event that they are sick
- 3) Covid-19: Corona infection is related to RNA infections that cause illnesses in warm blooded animals and winged creatures. In people and feathered creatures, they cause respiratory tract contaminations that can run from gentle to deadly. Gentle ailments in people incorporate a few cases of the common cold (which is additionally caused by other infections, overwhelmingly thinoviruses), whereas more deadly assortments can cause SARS, MERS and COVID-19. In dairy animals and pigs they loose bowels, whereas in mice they cause cause hepatitis and encephalomyelitis.COVID 19 affects distinctive individuals in numerous ways. Most tainted individuals will create gentle to direct ailment and recuperate without hospitalisation.

## **Symptoms**

It include fever, hack, tiredness, misfortune of taste or scent, sore throat, headaches rash on skin. Signs and side effects incorporate respiratory indications and incorporate fever, hack and shortness of breath In more serious cases, disease can cause pneumonia, extreme intense respiratory disorder and in some cases death Standard proposals to avoid the spread of COVID-19 incorporate visit cleaning of hands utilising alcohol-based hand rub or cleanser and water, covering the nose and mouth with a flexed elbow or expendable tissue when hacking and sniffling, and dodging near contact with anybody that encompasses a fever and hack.

#### **Treatment**

Medicines utilised for COVID-19 ought to be endorsed by the healthcare supplier. Individuals have been genuinely hurt and indeed kicked the bucket after taking items not affirmed for COVID 19, indeed items endorsed or endorsed for other employments

i. **Drugs Approved or Authorised for Use:** FDA has affirmed one sedate, Remdesivir (Veklury), to treat COVID-19.The FDA can moreover issue crisis utilise authorisations (EUAS) to permit healthcare suppliers to

utilise items that are not however affirmed, or that are endorsed for other employments, to treat patients with COVID-19 in case certain lawful prerequisites are met.

The National Organising of Wellbeing (NIH) has created and routinely upgrades treatment rules to assist direct healthcare suppliers caring for patients with COVID-19. counting when clinicians might consider utilising one of the items beneath a EUA.

- ii. Treatment Outside the Hospital: Taking medicines like acetaminophen or ibuprofen, to diminish fever. Drinking water or getting intravenous liquids to remain hydrated. Getting bounty of rest to assist the body battle the infection
- iii. Treatment in the Hospital: Antiviral solutions decrease the capacity of the infection to increase and spread through the body Reducing an overactive safe reaction, In patients with extreme COVID-19, the body's resistan framework may blow up to the danger of the infection, declining the infection. This will cause harm to the body's organs and tissues. A few medications can offer assistance to diminish this overactive safe response.
- iv. Treating Complications: COVID-19 can harm the heart, blood vessels, kidneys, brain, skin, eyes, and gastrointestinal organs. It too can cause other complications. Depending on the complications, extra medications may well be utilised for seriously sick hospitalised patients, such as blood thinners to avoid or treat blood clots.
  - V. Supporting the Body's Safe Work: Plasma from the patients who have recuperated from COVID-19 can contain antibodies to the infection. This seems to offer assistance the resistant framework recognise and react more successfully to the infection.

### **Prevention**

- Wear a cover that covers the nose and mouth to assist protection.
- Stay 6 feet separated from others.
- Get a COVID-19 immunisation when it is accessible to themselves.
- Avoid swarms and ineffectively ventilated indoor spaces.



- Wash the hands regularly with cleanser and water Utilise hand sanitiser on the off chance that cleanser and water aren't available.
- Everyone 2 a long time and more seasoned ought to wear veils in public.
- Masks ought to be worn in expansion to remaining at slightest 6 feet separated, particularly around individuals with whom they don't live
- If somebody in the household is contaminated, individuals within the family ought to take safety measures counting wearing veils to maintain a strategic distance from spread to others.
- Wash the hands or utilise hand sanitiser some time recently putting on the mask.
- Wear the cover over the nose and mouth and secure it beneath the chin a)
   Authorised COVID-19 immunisations can offer assistance to ensured
  - a. individual from COVID-19.
  - b. Get a COVID-19 vaccine when it is available.
  - c. Once completely immunised, they are capable of doing a few lean.

**Result:** Respiratory infection (SARS, HINI, COVID-19) their sign, symptom and prevention were studied.



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